MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

0478 COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 75

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| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|---|----------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 | 0478 | 11 |

1 (a) 1 mark for each name of application + 1 mark for description of use

| Hardware item | Application and how the hardware item is used |
|-----------------|---|
| Barcode reader | Supermarket checkout – read barcodes to find prices, description – allows automatic stock control Library system – can track books on loan – can link books to borrowers using barcoded cards Airport checkouts – barcodes on luggage to track whereabouts |
| Microphone | Voice recognition system allows computer to recognise spoken words and use them as input to, e.g., a word processor Multimedia presentations allows voice-overs on presentations Video conferencing/VoIP allows users to speak to each other |
| Touch screen | Mobile telephone/tablet – allows user to select apps/icons – easy method to input data Ticket/information kiosk – limits the options available for ease of use |
| Infrared sensor | Burglar/intruder detection system detects presence of a person by breaking beam/change of temperature Automatic doors breaking i/r beam allows detection of person approaching door Counting, e.g. people/cars every time beam is broken it can automatically send data and allow automatic counting |

[8]

| Pag | ge 3 | | Syllabus | Paper |
|-----|------|---|---------------|-------|
| | | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 | 0478 | 11 |
| | (b) | Any two from: Blu-ray discs use blue/violet lasers rather than red lasers as used storage capacity of Blu-ray discs is much higher than standard DV Blu-ray discs use one polycarbonate layer; DVDs use two layers Blu-ray discs have a built-in secure encryption system | | [2] |
| | (c) | Any two from: DVD has one spiral track; DVD-RAM has several concentric tracks DVD-RAM can be written to and read from at the same time; DVD-operation to occur DVD-R only allows data to be read (can't write to it) whereas DVD-and writing operation | -R only allow | |
| 2 | | 10110101 F6 | | [2] |
| | | Any two from: – HTML – MAC address – used in assembly language/machine code – debugging (displays bytes in hex when using memory dumps) | | [2] |
| | (c) | Can represent 16 bit words as only 4 hexadecimal digits It is easy to convert hex digits back to binary if necessary | | [2] |

| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|---|----------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 | 0478 | 11 |

3 (a)

| Statement | True | False |
|--|------|-------|
| Cookies can destroy or modify data in a computer without the user's knowledge | | ~ |
| Cookies generate website pop-ups | | ✓ |
| Cookies allow a website to detect whether a viewer has viewed specific web pages | ~ | |

(b) Registers

Any **two** from:

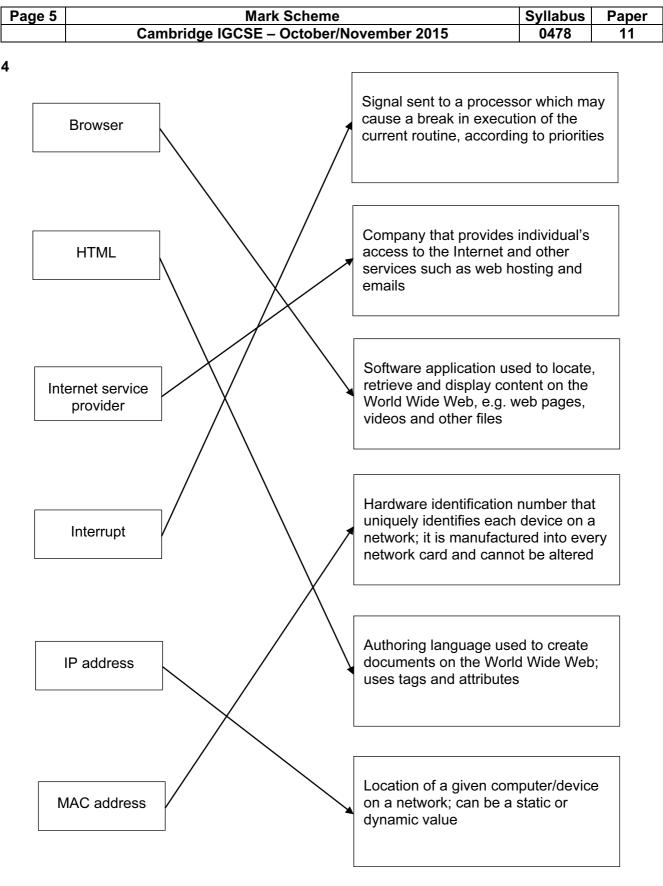
- PC (Program Counter)
- MAR (Memory Address Register)
- MDR (Memory Data Register)
- CIR or IR ((Current) Instruction Register)
- ACC (Accumilator)

Buses

Any **two** from:

- control
- data
- address

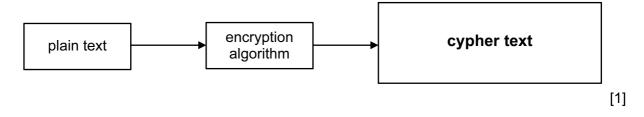
[3]



[5]

| Ρ | age (| 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|---|-------|----------|--|----------|-------|
| | | | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 | 0478 | 11 |
| 5 | (a) | (i) | Inkjet printer Any four from: | | |
| | | | uses cartridges/liquid ink makes use of thermal bubble/piezoelectric technology sprays ink in droplets on the paper uses a moving print head | | |
| | | | suitable for low volume (high quality) output, e.g. a photo | | [4] |
| | | (ii) | Laser printer | | |
| | | | Any four from: uses powdered ink/toner cartridges uses a (charged) printing drum makes use of static electricity charges uses a fuser to fix/melt ink onto the paper | | |
| | | | uses a discharge lamp to remove static charge from the drum useful for high volume (high quality) output, e.g. leaflets | | [4] |
| | (b) | An | y three from: | | |
| | | _ | produces solid, 3D objects/prototypes used in CAD/CAM | | |
| | | _ | makes use of tomography/slices of an object solid built up in thin layers | | |
| | | _ | uses resin, powdered metal, paper, plastic | | [0] |
| | | | | | [3] |
| 6 | (a) | Ang – | y one from: jumbling up/scrambling characters so that message makes no sens | se | |
| | | _ | requires an encryption key to encrypt data need decryption key to decipher encrypted message | | |
| | | | | | [1] |
| | (b) | Us | es the same key to encrypt and decrypt message | | [1] |

(c) 1 mark for correct name in box



| Pa | age 7 | Mark Scheme Sylla | bus | Paper |
|----|---|---|-------|-------|
| | | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 047 | | 11 |
| 7 | (a) | Lossy - when decompressed, some detail is lost and file is not exactly like the ori difference is usually not noticeable) | ginal | (but |
| | | Lossless when decompressed the original file is restored with no loss of data | | [2] |
| | (b) | 1 mark for type of file + 1 mark for description e.g: | | |
| | | JPGUsed to store images/pictures | | |
| | | MP3 Used to store audio/sound files | | [2] |
| | (c) | Any three from: – company calculation is based on 1 GByte = 1000 MByte | | |
| | | - so (500 × 1000)/8 = 62 500 files | | |
| | | customer calculation based on 1 GByte = 1024 MByte | | |
| | | - so $(500 \times 1024)/8 = 64000$ files | | |
| | | giving the difference of 1500 files | | [3] |
| 8 | Any | three from: provides a user interface input/output control/handling security (handling) interrupts spooling memory management processor management utilities (e.g. copy, save, delete, rename, etc.) maintain user accounts load/run software error reporting/handling multiprogramming batch processing/JCL | | |
| | - | multitasking | | [3] |

| Page 8 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|---|----------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 | 0478 | 11 |

9 (a) Any one from:

- verification is being described
- validation is when data follows a set of rules, e.g. length/range/type check

[1]

- (b) Any one from:
 - send as JPEG files
 - carry out a file compression first

[1]

10 (a)

| W | W | w | | С | i | е | | 0 | r | g | | u | k |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|---------------|-----|
| %77 | %77 | %77 | %2E | %63 | %69 | %65 | %2E | %6F | %72 | %67 | %2E | %75 | %6B |
| | | L | | | | | | | | | | $\neg \gamma$ | |
| | | | | 1 ma | ark | | | 1 n | nark | | | 1 mar | k |

(b)

| %77 | %77 | %77 | %2E | %72 | %6F | %63 | %6B | %69 | %63 | %74 | %2E | %63 | %6F | %6D |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| W | W | w | • | r | ο | с | k | i | с | t | | с | ο | m |
| L | | | | | | | | | | | | | <hr/> | |
| | | | | 1 r | mark | | | | 1 mark | | | 1 n | nark | [3] |

| Page 9 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|---|----------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 | 0478 | 11 |

11 1 mark for each input device + 1 mark for correct MATCHING reason for each device

Input Devices

- Barcode scanner
- ... to scan the barcode on boarding pass/mobile phone screen
- keyboard
- ... to key in data in case barcode fails to scan
- (electronic) scales
- ... weigh luggage at check-in

1 mark for each output device + 1 mark for correct MATCHING reason for each device

Output Devices

- beeper/speaker
- ... confirm barcode read/indicate error if barcode not read
- (LCD) screen
- ... select options (e.g. airline) at check-in
- printer
- ... produce bag labels

12 (a)

| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

[2]

[4]

- (b) 1 mark for error detection method and 1 mark for description
 - Check sum
 - ... sum of bits is transmitted and checked against the sum of the received bits
 - Check digit
 - ... a digit that is calculated (e.g. using modulo-11) and transmitted with the data
 - ARQ
 - ... when an error is detected in a packet of data a request is automatically sent for the data to be resent

[2]

| Page 10 | | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|---------|-----|--|----------|-------|
| | | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015 | 0478 | 11 |
| 13 | (a) | Firewall | | [1] |
| | (b) | Shareware | | [1] |
| | (c) | SSL (secure socket layer) (accept HTTPS and TLS) | | [1] |
| | (d) | MIDI | | [1] |
| | (e) | Microphone | | [1] |