MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

0478 COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/13

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0478	13

1 (a) Temperature

- central heating/air con system
- greenhouse environment
- a chemical reaction/process

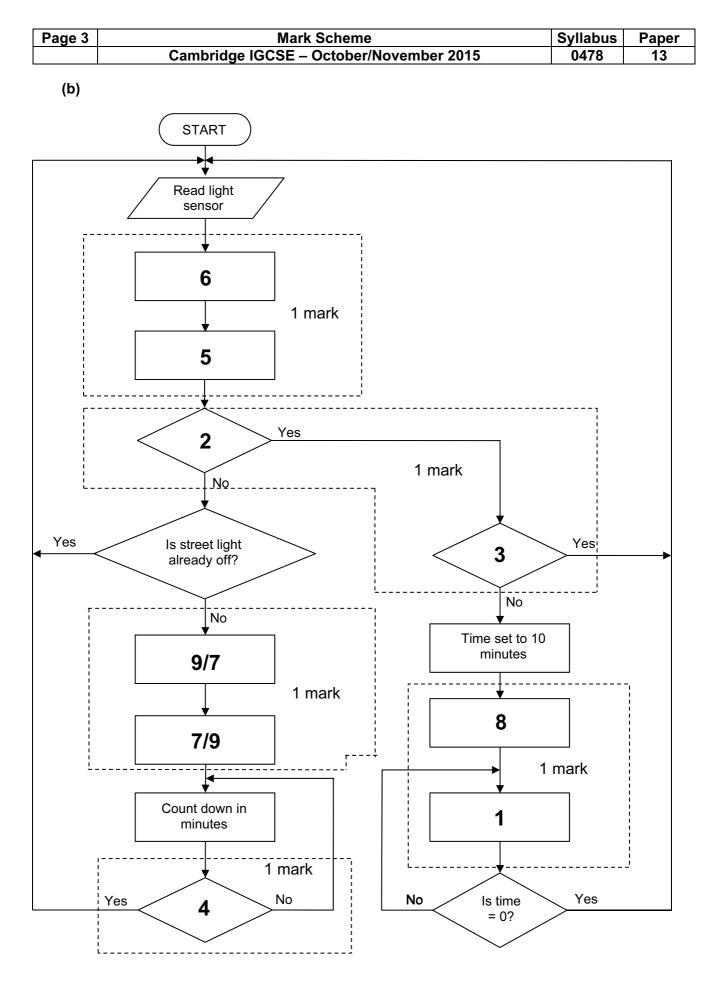
Magnetic field

- anti-lock brakes on a car
- detection of motor vehicles (e.g. at traffic lights)
- reading magnetic ink characters on cheques
- geophysical surveys

Motion

- automatic doors
- burglar alarm

[3]



© Cambridge International Examinations 2015

[5]

Pa	age 4	4			Mark Sch	eme		5	Syllabus	Paper
			Can	nbridge IGC	CSE – Octo	ber/Noven	nber 2015		0478	13
2	 (a) Any five from: sensors send signals/data to microprocessor signal/data <u>converted to digital</u> (by an ADC) microprocessor compares temperature/carbon monoxide level/value with stored level/value if CO level > stored value, microprocessor sends signal if temperature > stored value, microprocessor sends signal 									
			temperature > stored value, microprocessor sends signal .to light warning bulb on dashboard/sounds alarm							
	(b)	(i)	(i) 2 marks for all correct conditions, 1 mark for 2 correct conditions							
			CO (carbon monoxide) level too high oil pressure too low brake pads too thin							[2]
		(ii)	1 mark for each correct parity bit in position 1							
			1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
			0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0

[2]

[2]

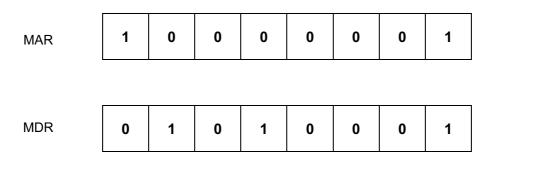
[1]

[2]

(iii) 1 mark for correct parity bit + 1 mark for remainder of binary value

1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0

(iv) A 2 (allow follow through from part (iii))



Pa	age 5	5								Syllabus	Paper		
			Ca	ambrid	ge IG	CSE – C	october	/Nover	nber 2	015		0478	13
		(ii)											
		()					T	1	1			٦	
		M	٩R	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0		
										1	1	7	
		M	DR	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1		
													[2]
													[2]
	(iii)		_									
				dress 0 0000			tents 1110						
				00000 00001			0001						
			1000	0010		1000	1101						
			1000	0011		1000	1100						
						ſ)						
			100	0.4400									
				0 1100 0 1101									
				D 1110		0111	1001						
			1000	0 1111									
													[1]
	(b)	– CIR	R (Curren	t Instruc	ction F	Register)	1						
	()		(Progran			(oglotol)							
		– Acc	(Accum	ulator)									[3]
			ntrols ope				ocessor	r and in	put/out	tput			
			ructions				to tollio	a thana	"what t	o do"			[0]
		– Sei	nds signa			mponen	is tenin	g mem	what t	0 00			[3]
4	(a)	(i) F	ree softv	vare/op	en so	ource sof	tware						[1]
		(ii) A	Any three	from:									
		-	- Set of p	rinciples									
			- Covers								e)		
			- Privacy - Impact o								e credit	ed)	[3]
	 Impact of computers on society (relevant examples can be credited) 									[~]			

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0478	13

(b) 1 mark for each CORRECT row

Statement	Firewall	Proxy server
Speeds up access of information from a web server by using a cache		~
Filters all Internet traffic coming into and out from a user's computer, intranet or private network	1	~
Helps to prevent malware, including viruses, from entering a user's computer	~	
Keeps a list of undesirable websites and IP addresses	✓	~

[4]

[6]

[2]

[2]

[2]

(c)	one mark for method	l + one mark	for linked reaso	n (maximum 6 marks)
-----	---------------------	---------------------	------------------	---------------------

- back up files...

- ...on a regular basis/to another device/to the cloud

- set data to read only...

- ... to prevent accidental editing

- save data on a regular basis...

- ... to prevent loss/corruption of data in unexpected shutdown/failure

- use correct shut down/start up procedures...

...to prevent damage to components/stored files

- use correct procedures before disconnecting portable storage device...
- ...to prevent damage to device/data corruption
- keep storage devices in a safe place...
- ...away from fire hazards
- 5 (a) Memory card/SSD/HDD/magnetic tape – Suitable description of device given
 - (b) 2 hours = 120 minutes 120 × 180 = 21600 21600/1024 (or 21600/1000) = 21.1 GB (or 21.6 GB)
 - (1 mark for correct answer and 1 mark for correct calculation)
- 6 Any **two** from:
 - facial recognition software/biometric software used to scan face
 - face image converted to digital format/data by the camera
 - digital image formed from scanned photo/biometric data stored in passport
 - key features of the face are checked/compared

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0478	13

7

Application	Suitable output device
Production of one-off photographs of very good quality	inkjet printer
High volume colour printing of advertising flyers	laser printer
Production of an object, which is built up layer by layer; used in CAD applications	3D printer
Converting electrical signals into sound	speaker/headphones
Showing enlarged computer output on a wall or large screen	Projector

[5]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0478	13

8 1 mark for each named application + 1 mark for each matching reason for choice

Input device	Application and reason
	Automatic doors – detects a person when light beam broken and opens doors
Light sensor	Street lighting – detects change in light and switches on / off the street lights
	Greenhouse – ensures correct lighting conditions for growth of plants
Keyboard	Word processor/spreadsheet/database – need to key in data manually (e.g. report writing)
	Control room interface – need to manually key in data (e.g. flow speed of liquid)
	Supermarket checkout – read barcodes to find prices, description – allows automatic stock control
Barcode reader	Library system – can track books on loan – can link books to borrowers using barcoded cards
	Airport check-ins – barcodes on luggage to track whereabouts
	Ticket/information kiosk – easy method for public to enter data – limited number of options
Touch screen	Mobile phone/tablet – easy method to input data – use of icons for application selection
	Control room interface – faster/easier method to input data into system – fewer chances of error since number of choices limited

Pa	age 9		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0478	13
9	9 (a) 8 10				[2]
	(b)	(i)	Any two from: – removes sounds human ear can't hear very well – if two sounds played at same time, softer sound removed – uses perceptual music shaping		[2]
	((ii)	Lossy		[1]
	(i	iii)	One from, for example: – jpeg – MP4 – zip – gif		[1]
10	symi	met	ric encryption		
	encr	ypti	on key		
	plain	ı tex	ct		
	encr	ypti	on algorithm		
	cyph	ier t	rext		[5]