

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMPUTER SCIENCE 0478/13
Paper 1 October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

 ${\bf @}$ IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.

This syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.



	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13	
1	– F	y order: Fetch Decode Execute			[3]

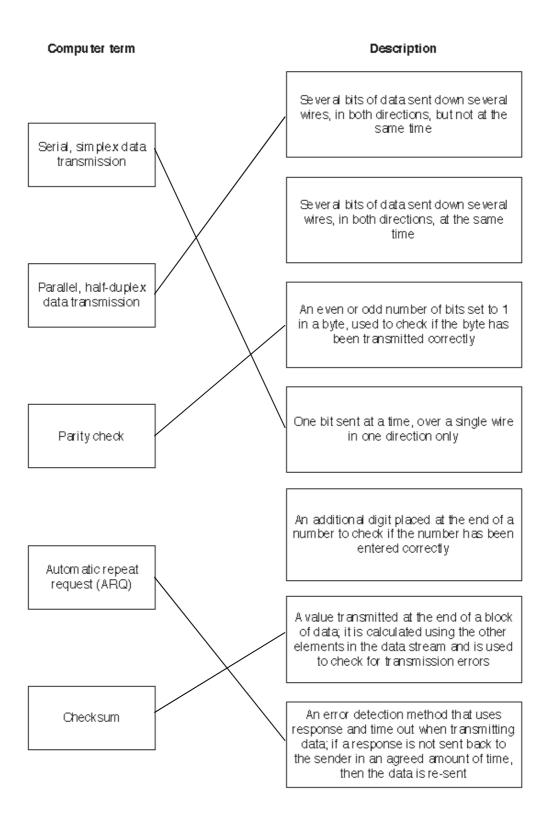
2 Hacking Virus

Cookies

Cracking Pharming [5]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13

3



Page 4	Page 4 Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13

4 (a) Any two from:

- Easy to make a mistake
- Can be slow if not trained
- Dirt/food can get into keys

[2]

- **(b)** Any **two** with identification and explanation from:
 - Fewer typing errors may be made ...
 - ... because one button is pressed to order an item
 - Speed up the time to enter an order ...
 - ... because fewer buttons are pressed to complete the order
 - May require less training ...
 - ... because it is easier to identify an order item from its image rather than typing it
 - Can stop dirt/food damage ...
 - ... normally has a protective layer // because there are no keys for dirt/food to get into

[4]

(c) 1 mark for security measure, 1 mark for description.

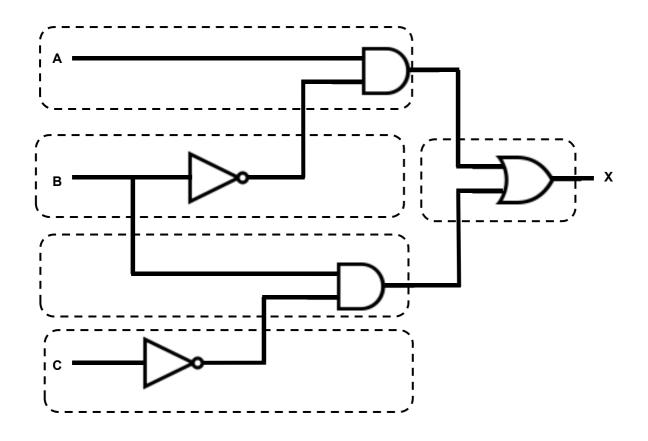
Any **two** from:

- Encryption
- If the data is accessed or stolen it will be meaningless
- Biometric device
- Can help prevents unauthorised access to the system (only award once)
- Firewall
- Can alert to show unauthorised access attempt on the system
- Can help prevent unauthorised access to the system (only award once)
- Can help protect against viruses and malware entering the system
- Anti-spyware
- Can stop the keys being logged that, when analysed, would reveal the password to the data

[4]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13

5 (a) 1 mark per correct section.



- (b) 4 marks for 8 correct values 3 marks for 6 correct values 2 marks for 4 correct values
 - 1 mark for 2 correct values

Α	В	С	Working space	X
0	0	0		0
0	0	1		0
0	1	0		1
0	1	1		0
1	0	0		1
1	0	1		1
1	1	0		1
1	1	1		0

[4]

[5]

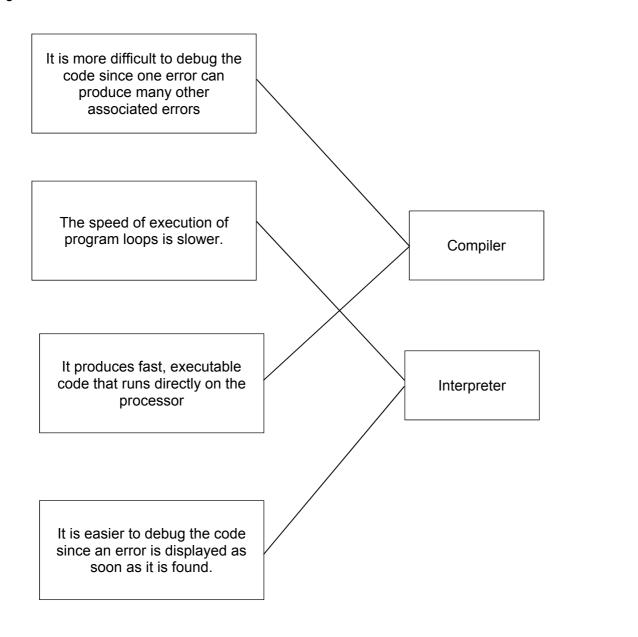
Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper				
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13				
(c) R	egister Z		[1				
(d) (i	(byte) 5		[1				
(ii	(column) 4		[1]				
(iii	corrected byte is: 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1		[1]				
(iv	that gives the value: 1 5 9 (follow through applies)		[1]				
(v	Any two from:						
	 The byte would be transmitted without having 5 consecutive 1 The fault condition would not be recognised 	S	[2]				
6 Any tv	Any two from:						
High I	evel language						
– ea	asier/faster to write code as uses English-like statements asier to modify as uses English-like statements asier to debug as uses English-like statements ortable language code						
Any t v	vo from:						
Low le	evel language						
	an work directly on memory locations an be executed faster						
– tr	anslated program requires less memory		[4]				
7 Any fo	our from:						
	aches maximum brightness quickly blours are vivid						
– g	ood colour definition/contrast can be achieved						
	creens can be thinner/thin ore reliable as LED's are long lasting						
	onsume very little/less energy		ſΛ				

consume very little/less energy

[4]

Page 7	ge 7 Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13

8



[4]

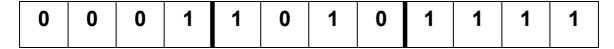
Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13
_	infrared / motion / pressure (sensor) // sensor detects movement/pre	2011rA	
	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,ssuic	
_	signals/data sent (continuously) to microprocessor		
_	converted from analogue to digital (using ADC)		
	microprocessor compares value with those stored in memory		

- if sensor value does not match the stored value(s) signal sent to switch on the light
- signal sent to keep the light on
- light remains on for a period of time (30 seconds)
- if sensor value matches the stored value(s) ...
- ... light will remain off
- ... will turn off after period of time (30 seconds)
- works in a continues loop

[6]

[2]

10 (a) (i) 2 marks for 3 correct binary conversions, 1 mark for 2 correct binary conversions



(ii) 1 mark for each correct hex value converted

1 A F [3]

(b) 2 marks for working + 1 mark for correct answer

Working

- 1200 × 8 = 9600 (bytes)
- 9600/1024 or 9600/1000

Answer

9.4 or 9.6 kilobytes

[3]

(c) Any one from:

MAC address

- Media Access Control (address)
- unique number that identifies a device (connected to the Internet)
- address is made up of manufacturer id + serial number of device
- address is allocated by the manufacturer

Any **one** from:

IP address

- Internet Protocol (address)
- location/address of a device on the Internet
- address is unique for given Internet session
- address is supplied when a device connects to the Internet
- address is allocated by the network

[2]

Page 9	age 9 Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0478	13

(d) - record (layer)

handshake (layer)

[2]

[6]

11 Any six from:

- Help stop the misuse of computers
- The use of computers needs to be governed
- Help keep users safer when using computers
- Provides rules for using computers
- Help stop intellectual property theft
- Helps prevent the misuse of personal information
- Reference to laws (relevant example)
- Reference to security issues (relevant example)

NOTE: Answer must refer to the importance of ethics and be more than a description of ethics.