

JUNE 2002

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/6

BIOLOGY (ALTERNATIVE TO PRACTICAL)

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1 the contents of the tube increase in volume / swell / turgid; (a)(i)gas/ carbon dioxide bubbles visible inside the tube/ pass [3] through tube; R gas released or produced. limewater around tube becomes cloudy; [1] (ii) anaerobic respiration / fermentation; R diffusion [2] no protein present; (b)(i) large molecule unable to diffuse through wall of tubing; [no direction needed] green / yellow / orange / red/ brick red / brown; LIST RULE [1] (ii) (iii) breakdown of sucrose by yeast / enzymes AW; molecules of glucose/ reducing sugar / simple sugar diffuse through wall of tubing; R. sugar unqualified. high concentration inside to low concentration outside/ to [3] make concentration equal; [direction important, independent point)

[total: 10]

[3]

MAX

[1]

[2]

Question 2

(a) drawing -S appropriate size to fill space;

[must be larger than original]

P proportion of body to shell accurate;

D detail of head end and shell;

Two from:

labels - shell / exoskeleton;

head / foot;

eyes on tentacles / stalks;

unsegmented body;

ignore antennae, soft body, slimy skin, no marks for negative structures.

drawing of a different animal = 0

(b) molluscs;

[total: 6]

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Question 3

(b)

(a)(i) young seedling will be wilted AW; R ref to mineral deficiencies ,unhealthy, stunted growth, plasmolysed, yellowing. Do not award for comments on roots alone. young seedling should be erect and leaves supported normally / same as before / normal / healthy upright/ AW;

[2]

(ii) two cotyledons / two seed leaves / cotyledons; network of veins; broad leaves: ignore roots. Read all through the whole answer.

Max [2]

count the whole squares covered by the leaf; combine the number of part squares covered by the leaf; ignore doubling for both surfaces

[2]

(c)(i)correct completion of tally chart;; one mark for each column correct. Allow blank entries for 0

[2]

A label axes; y axis - number of leaves, frequency, leaf area from (ii) tally table heading and x axis - class size in cm3 S accurate and evenly spaced scale;

P accurate plotting; (A) error carried forward from tally chart K distinguish between the two sets of data;

[5]

C columns touching and ruled neatly/ equal width / accept regular space for two sets of data where one is missing;

reference to same age or stage of development / same (d)(i) leaf back from growing tip / same species/ kind for both sets of seedlings/ larger sample number / count more leaves/ AW;

[1]

to capture available light / trap light / more light / AW for photosynthesis; ignore reference to carbon dioxide

[1]

[total: 15]

class size in cm²	shaded site	sunlit site
2.5 - 2.9	0	111
3.0 - 3.4	0	107
3.5 - 3.9	0	THL
4.0 - 4.4	11	1
4.5 - 4.9	1111	1
5.0 - 5.4	YHL	ō
5.5 - 5.9	ll ll	0
6.0 - 6.4	1	0

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Question

4

(a)

breath / blow through tube; breath out fully; water displaced or air collected; measurement / ref to scale on bell jar; repeat readings;

Max [3]

ignore counting bubbles.

- (b) 3 from:
 - * body mass/ surface area / height / size / volume/ gender;
 - * training / exercise / fitness / athlete / AW;
 - * lifestyle / health / environment eg live in towns;
 - * lungs / emphysema / infected lungs / asthma / TB / other named lung problem;
 - * smoking / smoke induced illness;

[3]

ignore effects of alcohol / diet / lung volume/drugs/genetics

- (c) M method / principle / correct for both inhaled and exhaled sample of air;
 - W workable technique;
 - T test for carbon dioxide limewater, hydrogen carbonate indicator [red to yellow], or volume change using KOH or NaOH absorber of carbon dioxide;

[3]

[total: 9]