UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1	(a)	(i)	label to palisade cell ;	[1]
		(ii)	for photosynthesis; (in which) water is combined with carbon dioxide; to provide turgor / support;	[max 2]
	(b)	(i)	xylem / vessel;	[1]
		(ii)	osmosis;	[1]
	(c)	(i)	increase in temperature increases, (rate of) transpiration / water loss; particles move faster / have more kinetic energy; diffusion faster; evaporation faster;	[max 3]
		(ii)	temperature increase increases, rate / amount, of water drawn up; transpiration reduces, pressure / water potential (at top of plant); water moves up plant down, pressure / water potential, gradient;	[max 2]
				[Total: 10]
2	(a)	D fi	C A B] irst and B last; and A right way round;	[2]
	(b)	alp	ha radiation completely absorbed by paper ;	[1]
	(c)	(i)	polonium(–210) ; longest half-life / decays most slowly ;	[2]
		(ii)	polonium(–210) and/or radon(–222); emits alpha radiation / alpha radiation is most ionising;	[2]
				[Total: 7]

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Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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- (a) (i) elements contain only one type of atom / H₂ shows only H atoms bonded;
 compounds contain different atoms bonded / are made of more than one element /
 example quoted e.g. CO₂ contains carbon and oxygen;
 - (ii) A releases more sulfur dioxide;

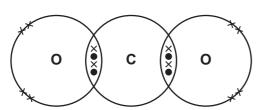
sulfur dioxide dissolves in / reacts with water;

to form acid rain;

more sulfur dioxide and less water from **A** compared to **B** so potentially acid much more concentrated ;

negligible amounts of sulfur dioxide from **C** / **C** releases mainly water; [max 3]



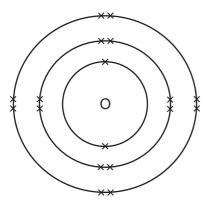


shared electrons;

lone pairs / four other electrons in both Os; [2]

(ii) 32 + (16 × 2) 64; [1]

(c)



18 electrons;

arranged as shown; [2]

[Total: 10]

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(a) (i) sug	gar / maltose ;			[1]
(ii) sm	all intestine / duodenum ;			[1]
	son with only one copy still p	-		[1]
car into cel	nnot digest starch / cannot pro nnot absorb, starch / sugar / g o the blood ; ls / body, do not get sugar ; nnot use (starch / sugar) for re	llucose ;	ch ;	[max 3]
	, ,	oduces amylase	produces amyla	
ger	notypes of parents	Aa	Aa	
gar	metes A	and a	A and	а
		gametes from	one parent	
		A	а	
•	metes m other	AA	Aa	
par		Aa	aa	
<u>all</u> : all :	cond parent shown as Aa ; gametes correct; offspring genotypes correct; offspring identified as not pro	ducing amylase ;		[4]

[Total: 10]

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5	(a) (i)	effervescence / gas given off / fizzing ;	[1]
	(ii)	Y is coloured / green ;	[1]
	(b) (i)	copper carbonate → copper oxide + carbon dioxide ;	[1]
	(ii)	carbon / C ;	[1]
			ניו
	(iii)	$2CuO + C \rightarrow 2Cu + CO_2$ (symbols C and CO_2 ; then balanced;)	[2]
	(iv)	(gain) because copper ions are positively charged; and so must gain negative charges / electrons, to be neutralised / discharged / because atoms are not charged / owtte;	[2]
	(c) (i)	(dilute) sulfuric acid ;	[1]
	(ii)	allow more reactive metals except alkali metals ; e.g. Ca Mg A l Zn Fe	[1]
	(iii)	displacement / redox / reduction / oxidation ;	[1]
	(iv)	because the metal from (i) is more reactive <u>than copper</u> / or statements which imply it e.g. magnesium is able to "take" sulfate <u>from copper</u> ;	[1]
		[Tota	al: 12]
6	(a) (i)	15 s;	[1]
	(ii)	30 s;	[1]
	(iii)	C to D and G to H / 60 s to 80 s and 140 s to 160 s;	[1]
	(iv)	300 + 600 + 200 ; = 1100 m ;	[2]
	` '	nstant speed / no acceleration ; anced forces / equal and opposite forces / total force is zero ;	[2]
	nar eas	ntre of mass high ; row, base / tyre / wheel ; sy to move so centre of mass not over base ; ight produces turning force ; [n	nax 3]
	sub	$R = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2$; ostitution and working ; istance = 0.67 Ω	[3]
		[Tota	al: 13]
		• ***	-

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7	(a)	(i)	soil not protected from rain by leaves ; soil not held by roots ;	ax 2]
		(ii)	[decrease (species diversity)] loss of habitats; (not 'homes') loss of particular food supplies / disrupts food chains; more hunting (by humans); [mail	ax 2]
	(b)	(i)	poison may accumulate up the food chain ; poison needs to be put down repeatedly ; not all rats will eat poison ;	01
			rats may develop resistance; [ma	ax 2]
		(ii)	owls will not kill all the rats / owls may eat other species / owls may harm other species	ies ; [1]
			[Tota	ıl: 7]
8	(a)	con	nduction ;	[1]
	(b)	use	ensity =) mass / volume ; e of 200 ; g / cm³ ;	[3]
	(c)		merse in water ; asure <u>volume</u> of water displaced ;	[2]
			[Tota	
9	(a)		o correct displayed formulae of ethene ; gment of poly(ethene) molecule showing (at least) four carbon atoms with single bo and at least eight hydrogen atoms ;	onds
		res	ult is a (very) long chain / spare bonds at each end on diagram ;	[3]
	(b)		inge solution decolourised ; to, double bonds (in ethene) / unsaturated compounds ;	[2]
			[Tota	
			[10ta	vj

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