UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/61

Paper 61 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	3-	IGCSE – May/June 2010 0653	61						
l (a)	(i)	test B column: 1, 7, 1, 1; test C column: 2, 8, 0, 0;	[2]						
	(ii) average column: 1.6, 7.0, 1.0, 0.3;; (3 or 4 correct, 2 marks, 2 correct, 1 mark)								
(b)	hor	tical axis correctly labelled ; izontal axis shows label for each bar ; bars at correct height ;	[3]						
(c)	(i)	damp and dark ;	[1]						
	(ii)	EITHER dark; woodlice hide from predators; OR damp; prevents desiccation (of woodlice);							
		(allow damp and dark as the condition)	[max 2]						
			[Total: 10]						
2 (a)	(i)	current / electron flow changes direction or polarity changes / OWTTE ;	[1]						
	(ii)	current causes a (changing) magnetic field; alternately attracts and repels permanent magnet OWTTE;	[2]						
(b)	(i)	9.4 cm, 12.4 cm, 15.6 ± 1 mm ;;;	[3]						
	(ii)	0.094, 0.124, 0.156 (e.c.f.);	[1]						
	(iii)	(data from Fig. 2.2 used to show that) successive distances in the same interval are greater OWTTE	time [1]						
(c)	e.g	$g = \frac{2 \times 0.0156}{(0.18)^2} \; ;$							
	= 9	.63 ; mark only if no calculation is shown but value of g is between 8.6 and 10.0	[2]						
			[Total: 10]						
3 (a)	red	, orange (in this order) ;	[1]						
(b)	(i)	x ;	[1]						

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

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	(c)	to wash out the pipette and / or beaker (OWTTE) ;							
	(d)	lithium, sodium, potassium or ammonium hydroxide (ammonia solution); (reject calcium hydroxide)							
	(e)	(i)	[1]						
		(ii)	[1]						
	(f)	san san mea	erence to: equal amounts (lengths) of magnesium ribbon; ne reaction temperature; ne volume of acid; asure amount of hydrogen given off in given time / rate of bubbling or asure time taken to dissolve magnesium; y three points including the last one);	[max 3]					
		()							
4	(a)	(i)	light is refracted (bent) at curved surface / beaker (and water) act as a lens / OWTTE;	[1]					
		(ii)	18.5 – 12; = 6.5 cm (65 mm) (correctly recorded); (± 1 mm) (allow correct answer for 2 marks even if no calculation shown)	[2]					
		(iii)	17.3 – 12 = 5.3 cm (53 mm);						
		` ,	(± 1 mm) (award mark either for equation or for result)	[1]					
	(b)	at least 2 points correctly plotted (e.c.f.); straight line drawn passing through (0,0);							
	(c)	gra cald	[2]						
	(d)		asure known volume of liquid into (weighed) beaker and weigh to find mass of						
		liquid; divide mass by volume;							
				[Total: 10]					
5	(a)	(i)	sun leaf 59 mm; shade leaf 72 mm; (allow 1 mm tolerance)	[2]					
		(ii)	greater capture of sunlight (for photosynthesis);	[1]					

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	(b)	table with three columns and two rows all correctly headed (or vice versa); correct comparison of leaf thickness; correct comparison of numbers of palisade cells (or 2 layers/1 layer); correct comparison of size of air spaces;);		[4]	
	(c)	any suita feature explanati		two	rows o	f palisa	explana ade cel f photo	lls ;							[2]
	(d)	prevents	too r	much	water	(vapoı	ur) loss	due t	o transp	iration	/ evap	oration	•	[Total:	[1] 10]
6	(a)	a named carbonate (allow manamed acid; (for 'a carbonate and an acid													[2]
	(b)	CO ₂ + C	(both	h corr	ect);										[1]

(d) (i) 42.3 (no tolerance); [1]

2. there is a reading on the ammeter (1 and 2 in any order);

(no mark for 'a reading on the voltmeter');

(c) 1. the bulb lights up;

(ii) 43.9 - 35.9 = 8.0 (accept '8') [1]

(iii) 43.9 - 42.3 = 1.6; [1]

(iv) reduction; [1]

(e) carbon monoxide is poisonous / harmful / dangerous; [1]

[Total: 10]

[2]