

## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

Paper 2 (Core)		October/November 2011 1 hour 15 minutes
	IENCE	0653/21
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
CANDIDATE NAME		

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs, tables or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
Total		

This document consists of 20 printed pages.



1 The chemical reaction involved in the manufacture of ammonia requires an iron catalyst.

Fig.1.1 shows a simplified diagram of the reaction vessel in which ammonia is made.



Fig. 1.1

(a) (i) Explain the meaning of the term *catalyst*.

	[2]

(ii) Iron is a member of the family of metals which lies between scandium and zinc in the Periodic Table.

Name this family of metals. [1]

(iii) The iron catalyst is prepared by reacting iron oxide with hydrogen gas.

The balanced symbolic equation for this reaction is shown below.

 $Fe_3O_4$  +  $4H_2$   $\longrightarrow$  3Fe +  $4H_2O$ 

State the total number of atoms shown on the **left hand side** of this equation.

(iv) State the number of hydrogen molecules shown in the equation in (iii).

(v) Explain why the reaction in (iii) is an example of a *redox reaction*.

[2]

(b) (i) Complete the displayed (graphical) chemical formula of an ammonia molecule, NH<sub>3</sub>, which has been started below.

H — N

(ii) A student states that an ammonia molecule contains **covalent** chemical bonds between its atoms.

Explain whether or not the student is correct.

[1]

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[2]

2 (a) The arrows in Fig. 2.1 show the horizontal forces acting on a car moving forwards. In each case the length of the arrow indicates the size of the force. A В С D Fig. 2.1 (i) State which of the diagrams out of A, B, C and D show a car that is slowing down. [2] ..... (ii) Explain how you decided on your answer to (i). ..... .....[1] (iii) There are other forces acting on the cars that are **not** horizontal. Name one of these forces. [1] ..... (b) The car has a radiator. This contains hot water that has been heated by passing it through the hot car engine. The purpose of the radiator is to cool down the water. The radiator is painted black. (i) State the method by which heat is transferred from the hot water to the radiator. ......[1] (ii) Explain why the radiator is painted black. [1] .....

(c) Fig. 2.2 shows a racing car. For Examiner's Use Fig. 2.2 The car took 1.5 hours to complete a race of 330 kilometres. Calculate the average speed of the car in kilometres per hour. State the formula that you use and show your working. formula used working km/h [2] (d) Fig. 2.3 shows the speed-time graph for the racing car over a short period of time. 50 40 30 speed m/s 20 10 0 8 12 13 2 3 5 6 9 10 11 14 15 Δ 7 0 1 time/s Fig. 2.3 Describe the motion of the racing car during section **B**, section C. [2]

- **3** Rice and cassava are important parts of a person's diet in some parts of the world.
  - (a) Table 3.1 shows the main nutrients present in 100g of white rice and 100g of cassava.

		nutrient	white rice	cassava		
		protein/g	5.0	1.2		
		carbohydrate/g	58.6	34.7		
		fat/g	0.4	0.3		
(i)	Whic	ch of the nutrients liste	d in Table 3.1 can prov	/ide energy?		
					[4]	
					[']	
(ii)	A di cons	et that consists most ists mostly of cassava	ly of rice is better fo	r a young child than	a diet that	
	Lleo	the information in Tab	lo 3 1 to ovelain <b>one</b> r	ason why this is so		
	036					
	[2]					
(iii)	Carbohydrates include sugars and starch.					
	Describe how a student could test a sample of cooked rice to find out if it contains reducing sugar.					
					[3]	

Table 3.1

(b) Fig. 3.1 shows a cassava plant.





ra wa	dio ves		infra-red	visible light		X–rays	
			I	Fig. 4.1			
(i)	Comp	lete the diag	ram using ter	ms from the	list:		
		gamma ra	diation	microwa	aves	ultraviolet	
							[2
(ii)	State	one use for					
	infra-	red radiation	,				
	micro	waves.					
							[
<b>(b)</b> Gai	mma ra	adiation and 2	X-rays are tw	o examples o	ofionising	g radiation.	
(i)	Expla	in the meanir	ng of the term	n ionising rad	liation.		
							[
(ii)	Expla	in why ionisir	ng radiation c	an be harmf	ul to living	g things.	
				••••••	•••••	••••••	•••••

- (c) Some types of food are treated with gamma radiation. The radiation kills the microbes that make food decay
  - (i) Explain why gamma radiation can be used for this, even when the fruit is packed in boxes.



concrete gamma source fresh fruit fruit out



Suggest why concrete is used to surround the radioactive source.

[1]

For

Examiner's Use **5** Fig. 5.1 shows a piece of magnesium ribbon which a student has just dropped into a container of dilute sulfuric acid.





(a) (i) Describe two observations about this reaction which the student could make.



- (iii) State the **name** of the element which is present in both hydrochloric acid and sulfuric acid.
  - .....[1]

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- (b) Containers for dilute sulfuric acid are often made of poly(ethene). Poly(ethene) is a polymer which is formed from hydrocarbon monomers. Examiner's
  - (i) Suggest one property of poly(ethene) which makes it suitable for making sulfuric acid containers.
  - ......[1] (ii) One method of dealing with waste poly(ethene) is to burn it. Predict two compounds which will be produced when poly(ethene) is burnt. 1 ..... 2 \_\_\_\_\_ [2] (iii) Suggest one advantage of burning as a means of dealing with waste poly(ethene). ..... [1]

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6 Fig. 6.1 shows part of the human nervous system.





- (a) On Fig. 6.1, use label lines to indicate and name the **two** parts of the central nervous system. [2]
- (b) If a person touches a hot pan with his finger, signals pass from his hand, through the central nervous system, to a muscle in his arm. The muscle contracts and moves the arm away.

State the correct biological term for each of the following descriptions.

(i) the cells in the finger that detect the hot pan and send signals to the central nervous system

[1]

(ii) an organ such as a muscle that responds to the signals

[1]

(c)	A n	A nerve cell has a nucleus and a cell surface membrane.		
	(i)	Name <b>one</b> type of cell in the human body that does <b>not</b> contain a nucleus.		Use
			[1]	
	(ii)	The nucleus contains DNA. State the function of DNA.		
			[1]	
	(iii)	Outline <b>one</b> function of the cell surface membrane.		
			[1]	

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7 Fig. 7.1 shows some data about the percentage by mass of elements in the Earth's crust.



Fig. 7.1

- (a) State the percentage by mass of aluminium in the Earth's crust.
  - [1]

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(b) Fig. 7.2 shows a diagram of an ion of element E.





(i) Name element **E** and explain how the diagram shows that the ion has a positive electrical charge.

name of element E \_\_\_\_\_\_[3]

- (ii) Name the noble gas whose atoms have the same number of electrons as the ion shown in Fig. 7.2 Examiner's
  - ......[1]

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(iii) Explain, in terms of electron configuration, why the atoms of all the noble gases are unreactive.



(c) Fig. 7.3 shows a simplified diagram of a process which could be used to produce the reactive metal, sodium.





(i) Name the process shown in Fig. 7.3.

[1] .....

(ii) Name the element which forms at the anode.

[1] .....

8 The golden lion tamarin is a species of monkey that lives in forests in Brazil. Its diet includes fruits and nectar from trees. Its predators include snakes, bamboo rats and owls.

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(a) (i) In the space below, complete the food web, using the information above.



(ii) On your food web, draw a circle around the producer.

[3]

(b) The nectar that the monkeys eat is made by flowers that grow on some of the trees in the forests. The fruits that the monkeys eat develop from the flowers.

17

Fig. 8.1 shows a section through a flower.



**9** (a) Fig. 9.1 shows the circuit diagram of a circuit which a student set up. He measured the current passing through the  $2\Omega$  resistor. The ammeter reading was 6A.





(i) Show that the voltage across the resistor was 12V.

State the formula that you use and show your working.

formula used

working

[2]

For

Examiner's Use

(ii) A 4  $\Omega$  resistor is placed in series with the 2  $\Omega$  resistor between **X** and **Y**.

Calculate the total resistance between **X** and **Y**.

State the formula that you use and show your working.

formula used

working

Ω [2]

(b) Many countries are seeking alternatives to fossil fuels as energy sources for generating electricity. Examiner's

Explain why is it necessary to find alternative energy sources for generating electricity.

 [2]

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