UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/04

Paper 4, maximum raw mark 60

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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|---|-----|--|---|--|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | | | IGCSE – May/June 2006 | 0680 | 04 | | |
| 1 | (a) | hot all year; many windy days; so evaporation rapid/speeded up/eq; [3] | | | | | | |
| | (b) | they carry out photosynthesis; which makes food/organic molecules for algae grow/provide food for consumers; | | | | | | |
| | (c) | energy lost /respiration loses energy; so only some food turned into consumer bodies/biomass; not enough to support more than two feeding levels; AVP; | | | | | | |
| | (d) | (i) | | inable, salt water never runs out; process is solar ion; AVP; | powered; | no signific | ant | |
| | | (ii) | conse | ervation, not many habitats for wading birds left; food evaporation goes on; AVP; | chain can | be maintair [max | | |
| 2 | (a) | control building; build sewage treatment works; AVP; | | | | | | |
| | (b) | (i) any three valid points, such as leave no litter; do not kill fish; do not take coral away; report any damage; AVP;; | | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | 12; | | | | [1] | |
| | | (iii) 4 shore and dive only, 4 boat shore and dive only; 4 boat shore dive and snork AVP; | | | | | | |
| | (c) | (i) | _ | y all boat access have higher % damage; highest sho igher than lowest boat damage 3.0%; | ore damage | | nly [2] | |
| | | (ii) | more o | dives in total, explained; anchors do damage; boats hitting | g shallow co | orals; AVP;; | [3] | |
| | | (iii) | 3-10; | need for repetition to make findings more reliable/ref to | means; | | [2] | |
| | (d) | (i) | cannot be exactly repeated; survey of only one post not enough; no distance specified; no undamaged corals recorded; [max 3 | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | correc | ct orientation; length; all three posts; | | | [3] | |
| | | (iii) | 135, 1 | 150; | | | [1] | |
| | | (iv) | 15/15 | 0 x 100 = 10 (%); allow error from part (iii) | | | [1] | |
| | (e) | moi | re dam | age/twice as much damage; around every post; AVP; | | | [2] | |
| | (f) | nun | nbers c | | | [1] | | |
| | (g) | (g) some mention of all three aspects to score max 6 valid points;;;;; | | | | | | |
| 3 | (a) |) increased number of leaves; but reduced length; shorter plants less exposed evaporation by wind; AVP; | | | | | | |
| | (b) | (i) | 8 m o | n scale; | | | [1] | |
| | | (ii) | east-v | west line drawn; | | | [1] | |
| | | (iii) | orienta axes l plot le plot le | labelled; eaves; | | | [4] | |

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- (iv) as distance increases from hedge number of leaves drops; and length of leaves drops;[2]
- (c) weigh fresh harvest from known sections of field/eq; [1]
- (d) two sensible densities/one may be lower than suggested;;; [2]
- (e) soil exhaustion/minerals used up; loss of soil structure/more prone to erosion; disease in crops; loss of biodiversity in context; AVP;;[3]

Total 60