#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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The following abbreviations have been used:

1 end of marking point ® **OWTTE** or words to that effect AVP alternative valid point ecf error carried forward qualified, further explanation given qual **ORA** or reverse argument eq equivalent A; 1 (a) cooling B; melting heat and pressure D: weathering and erosion C: compaction and cementation E; [3] (5:3 3/4:2 1/2:1) (b) (i) low value; heavy / bulky; expensive to transport; cheaper (unqualified) for one mark; takes less time (unqualified); [2] (any two) (ii) limestone / chalk / shale / sandstone / clay / AVP; ® sand appropriate use; [2] (iii) addition of top soil; fertilisers / eq; plantings; [3] [Total: 10] 2 (a) (i) 300 (<u>+</u> 10); (with or without units) [1] (ii) 1900–1940; [1] (iii) because burning it (owtte) started later; found later; harder to acquire / technology more advanced idea; more expensive to use owtte; (any two) [2] (iv) cement; [1]

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	١.	<i>(</i> :)		·	0000	
(1		(i)		ect plotting;		[1]
		(ii)	biom	nass;		[1]
	(	iii)	SOL expe quali not a GEO	dvantages: (max 2) AR ensive; ified (e.g. 33 cents more OR 17.5 x more); always available; OTHERMAL videly available;		
			non- corre rene SOL wide GEO non-	antages: (any 3) polluting / contaminating; (once for either / both); ectly qualified (once for either / both); wable (once for either / both) AR ly available; DTHERMAL polluting; ified (once only);		
				tively) cheap;		[3]
						[Total: 10]
3 (a	a)	(i)	oxyg	en AND carbon dioxide;		[1]
		(ii)	trying	s heat / IR / long wave / eq (® UV); g to leave the Earth / or implied; om sun;		
				two)		[2]
	(	iii)	14% bar c	; chart plot (ecf);		[2]
(I	<b>b</b> )	(i)	indiv than ref b ref d	sport / eq is big creator of emissions; idual vehicles mean much more emission / ORA; using public transport / buses; urn less fossil fuels; aily trips to school / work; three)		[3]
		(ii)	walk alt fu hybri switc insul taxin (any	; nels (only one no matter how much detail); id cars; ch off lights / appliances / standby idea. etc.; ate; ag / subsiding idea; 2)		[2]
				op deforestation UNLESS ref to burning trees st use less fossil fuel unqualified		
						[Total: 10]

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## 4 (a) (i) long roots;

deep roots;

widespread roots;

waxy leaves;

small / reduced leaves ® no leaves unless linked with green stem (owtte);

spiny / eq leaves;

store water / eq;

(any two)

[2]

(ii) named method (e.g (trickle) drip / sprinkler / underground / animal powered / drip sheet idea);

details (e.g straight to roots / crop / plant / method explained);

[2]

## (b) (i)

caused by natural factors	caused by human action
A, B, E, G, I, J, K, L	C, D, F, H

$$(10-12:4 / 7-9:3 / 4-6:2 / 1-3:1)$$

[4]

(ii) evacuation;

good medical help;

food stock piles;

pumping water away;

provide shelter (qual.)

provide clean water;

AVP;

(any two)

[2]

[Total: 10]

## 5 (a) (i)

water related disease type	diseases(s)
water-bred	malaria ONLY
water-borne	cholera, typhoid ONLY
water-based	bilharzia ONLY

(3:2 2/1:1) [2]

#### (ii) none in deserts:

none in far South / North / not above / below tropics;

none / little outside tropics / ORA / equatorial / central Africa / named relevant countries (min. 2);

more at coasts;

AVP;

(any two) [2]

		(iii)	drugs AND vector eradication; [	[1]
		(iv)	EITHER drugs: kill parasites in blood; which cause disease / symptoms; reduces reservoir of parasite; (any two)	
			OR vector eradication: kills organism / insect; which transmits disease / owtte; (any two)  [	[2]
	(b)	with coll loss AVI		
		(an	y three)	[3]
			[Total: 1	0]
6	(a)	(i)	water; CO2;	[2]
		(ii)	too salty / too acidic / alkaline / pH wrong (idea) / too compacted / too thin / low oxyger	
	(b)	(i)	a producer plants; a herbivore nematodes / fungi; a carnivore arthropods / birds / moles / shrews / nematodes; a predator arthropods / birds / moles / shrews / nematodes; (4/3:2, 1/2:1	[2]
		(ii)	dead plants → bacteria → protozoa → nematodes → arthropods → birds  OR dead plants → bacteria → protozoa → nematodes → arthropods → moles / shrews  OR plants → fungi → protozoa → nematodes → arthropods → birds  OR dead plants → fungi → nematodes → nematodes → arthropods → birds  OR dead plants → fungi → nematodes → nematodes → arthropods → moles / shrews  all five links correct;	
				[2]

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## (c) prevents soil erosion (for all);

## terracing

flat platforms made on hillside; slows runoff of water; thus slowing soil erosion downhill;

## **OR** contour ploughing

plough perpendicular to slope / along contours (to form ruts); which slow water runoff; thus slowing soil erosion downhill;

#### **OR wind breaks**

trees / shrubs planted in rows / wall / fence / eq; to protect from; soil erosion by wind; (any three)

[Total: 10]

[3]