International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – May/June 2013	0625	52	
1	<ul> <li>(a) table:</li> <li>correct <i>d</i> values 5.(0), 10.(0)</li> <li><i>x</i> and <i>y</i> values present , first (<i>x</i> + <i>y</i>) &lt; 46, second &lt; 41</li> <li>all <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> values to nearest mm</li> </ul>			[1] [1] [1]	
	(b) (i) <i>M</i> va	alues both correct – penalise incorrect rounding, 3 o	r 4 sig. figs. only	[1]	
	<b>(ii)</b> g/g	grams seen at least once		[1]	
	• •	ect average ore sig. figs., but rounding must be correct)		[1]	
	(c) M values	s same to within 5g		[1]	
	<ul> <li>(d) any two from: centre of mass of rule not at 50.0 cm / non-uniform rule mass X not uniform / of varying density difficulty in obtaining balance (o.w.t.t.e.) / slips on pivot / mass X not exactly 100 /pan has mass</li> </ul>				
		n: e through centre of the mass tion of edges of mass on rule		[1] [Total: 10]	
2	(a) sensible v	value of $\theta_{\rm C}$ (< 40 (°C))		[1]	
		ing $\theta$ values (allow one pair of identical values) e of $\theta$ to at least nearest 1°C		[1] [1]	
	<b>(c)</b> θ <sub>H</sub> value	sensible (> 60 °C), ignore unit		[1]	
	<b>(d) (i)</b> θ <sub>1</sub> lc	ower than $ heta_{H}$		[1]	
	<b>(ii)</b> θ <sub>2</sub> lc	ower than $\theta_1$ and correct unit seen once in (a) – (d)		[1]	
	• •	e reasonable fit with readings (must use table readin e given using sensible method	gs $\Delta  heta$ , or use $ heta_1$ or	<i>θ</i> <sub>2</sub> ) [1] [1]	

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0625	52	
	<ul> <li>(f) two from: room temperature / other environmental conditions <u>initial</u> hot water temperature <u>initial</u> cold water temperature amount/mass/volume of hot water time delay on adding cold water / same time for cooling</li> </ul>					
					[2] [Total: 10]	
3	(a) -	<b>) – (d)</b> table:				
			present and in cm es correct		[1] [1]	
	(e)	graph: axes cor	rectly labelled		[1]	
		•	scales correct to ½ small square e judgement, thin continuous line		[1] [1] [1]	
	6	-				
	(f)		nethod used <u>and shown</u> least half of line		[1] [1]	
	(g)	f = 14 – 7 f to 2 or 3	16 (cm) 3 significant figures <u>with unit</u>		[1] [1]	
					[Total: 10]	
4	(a)	• •	at least 1 d.p. and < 1V at least 2 d.p. and < 1A		[1] [1]	
		(ii) corre	ect calculation of $R_1$		[1]	
		(ii) (iv) V	$V_2$ and $V_3$ both < 1V		[1]	
		(v) corre	ect calculation and unit <u>seen in <b>(a)</b></u>		[1]	
	(b)	(i) corre	ect symbols for lamp, voltmeter		[1]	
		corre	ect parallel circuit (including voltmeter)		[1]	
		(ii) (iii) (i	<b>v)</b> $V_{\rm P}$ and $I_{\rm T}$ recorded, $R_{\rm P} < R_1$		[1]	
	(c)	experime	of			
		ù 10% n	o, < 10 % yes		[1]	
	(d)	brighter			[1]	
					[Total: 10]	