UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/23 Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page					Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE –	GCSE – May/June 2012		0607	23	
1	(a)	$(\pm)\frac{1}{7}$ (0.1528)	1	Accept $-\frac{1}{7}$ (-0.15	28)		
	(b)	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ (± 0.5)	2	M1 for $x^2 = \frac{1}{4}$ soi		[3]	
2	(a)	(3x-2)(2x+1)	2	SC1 for a pair of brackets which multiply out to give 2 terms correct			
	(b)	$\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}$	1ft	ft from their (a) only if SC1 scored in (a). Strict ft but can start again to achieve correct answer and score. [3]			
3	(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 13\\k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k\\-9 \end{pmatrix}$ seen			
	(b)	$\sqrt{13}$ isw	2	B1 for $2^2 + 3^2$ seen or implied by $\pm \sqrt{13}$ [4]			
4		56, 92	2	B1 for 56, B1 for 92 After B0, B0, award SC1 for 25 and 36 seen. [2]			
5	(a)	(q - y)(p - x) oe	2	B1 for $p(q-y) + x(y-q)$ or better, or $q(p-x) + y(x-p)$ or better			
	(b)	2(4c-5d)(4c+5d)	2	B1 for $2(16c^2 - 25d)$ or $(4c - 5d)(8c + 10)$		+ 5 <i>d</i>)	
6	(a) (i)	3	1				
	(ii)	180° or π	1				
	(b)	$y = 3\sin 2x \text{ drawn}$	B2	After B0 , SC1 for any wave with correct amplitude or <i>their</i> amplitude and SC1 for wave passing through (0,0) with correct period or <i>their</i> period [4]			
7		<i>p</i> = −1, <i>q</i> = 2.5 or 5/2	4	M1 for attempt to g Condone 1 numeric M1 for correct addi Condone 1 further in A1, A1 for each M1 for equation in numerical slip M1 for substitution correctly. No further A1, A1 for each Or wwwSC3 for eig	cal slip tion/subtraction of numerical slip (dep) Or form $x =$ or $y =$. Co of <i>their</i> equation in er slip	<i>their</i> equation.) ondone 1 nto the other	
8		<i>x</i> = 5	3	M2 for $y = 12x^2$ or M1 for $y = hx^2 (h \neq 1)$		[2]	
				M1 for $y = kx^2$ ($k \neq$	1)	[3]	

	Page	3 Mark Scheme: IGCSE – I			Syllabus 0607	Paper 23
9		13.5	3	B1 for total dista B1 for total time	[3]	
10		$x = -5$ 3M1 for multiplying all $\underline{3}$ terms by 1- or LHS over $14 = 1$, or all over 14 A1 for $2(x + 3) - 3(x - 1) = 14$, or $\frac{2x + 6 - 3(x - 1)}{14} = 1$ oe with other denominator e.g. 98 -5 may be seen embedded		= 1, or all over 14 - 3(x - 1) = 14, $\frac{(1)}{(1)} = 1$ oe ninator e.g. 98	[3]	
11	(a)	log 6	1			
	(b)	3 ^{<i>y</i>}	1			
	(c)	3	1	Accept ± 3 or -3		[3]
12	(a)	$-\frac{1}{2}$ oe	1	isw (incorrect ca	ncelling only)	
	(b)	For co-ordinates of $D = (2, 4)$	M1			
		For gradient of $CD = \frac{6}{4}$ oe	M1	Can imply previo		
		e.g. $(4^{\prime}2)/(2^{\prime}2)$ Gradients not negative reciprocals oe	E 1	i.e. Correct meth Dep on M2 and <u>1</u>	-	[4]