An IGCSE student is investigating the stretching of springs.

Fig. 1.1 shows the apparatus used for the first part of the experiment.

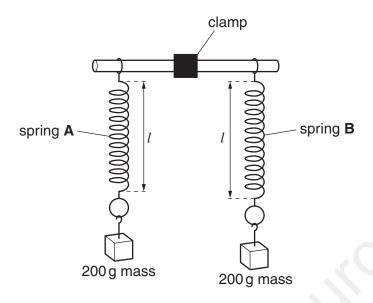


Fig. 1.1

The unstretched length  $l_{\mathbf{A}}$  of spring  $\mathbf{A}$  is 15 mm.

The unstretched length  $l_{\rm B}$  of spring B is 16 mm.

- (a) The student hangs a 200 g mass on each spring, as shown in Fig. 1.1.
  - (i) On Fig. 1.1 measure the new length l of spring **A**.

 $l = \dots mm$ 

(ii) Calculate the extension  $e_{\mathbf{A}}$  of the spring using the equation  $e_{\mathbf{A}} = (l - l_{\mathbf{A}})$ .

 $e_{\mathbf{A}}$  = ..... mm

(iii) On Fig. 1.1 measure the new length l of spring **B**.

 $l = \dots mm$ 

(iv) Calculate the extension  $e_{\rm B}$  of the spring using the equation  $e_{\rm B}$  =  $(l-l_{\rm B})$ .

 $e_{\mathrm{B}}$  = ...... mm [2]

		[1]
(c)		e student tries to find a relationship between $T$ and $d$ . She first suggests that $T \times d$ is onstant.
	(i)	Calculate the values of $T \times d$ and enter the values in the final column of the table.
	(ii)	State whether or not the results support this suggestion and give a reason for your answer.
		Statement
		Reason
		[2]

------Marking Scheme-----

- (a) (i) l = 29 (mm) and l = 31 (mm) (allow 2.9 cm, 3.1 cm) [1]  $e_A = 14 \text{ (mm)}$  and  $e_B = 15 \text{ (mm)}$  (ecf) (ignore minus signs) [1]
- (b) (i) both l correct to (21.5 22) and 24 [1]
  - (ii) (6.5-7) and 8 (ecf) (ignore minus signs) [1]
  - (iii)  $e_{av} = 7.5$  (c.a.o.)
- (c) statement matches readings (expect YES) (ecf NO) [1] justification matches statement and by reference to results (expect within limits of experimental accuracy, wtte) (too different, wtte) [1]