## **MEASURING DENSITY**

1 A student is trying to find the density of water and of a large, regularly-shaped solid. Which apparatus is needed to find the density of **both**?

- A balance, clock, ruler
- B balance, measuring cylinder, ruler
- C balance, measuring cylinder, string
- D clock, ruler, string

2 A metal drum has a mass of 200 kg when empty and 1000 kg when filled with 1.0 m<sup>3</sup> of methylated spirit.

What is the density of methylated spirit?

- **A** 0.0050 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- **B** 0.11 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- **C**  $800 \text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$
- **D** 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- **3** Two identical measuring cylinders containing different liquids are placed on a simple balance. They balance as shown.



How does the density of X compare with the density of Y?

- **A** density of X =  $\frac{1}{2}$  × density of Y
- **B** density of X = density of Y
- **C** density of  $X = 2 \times$  density of Y
- **D** density of  $X = 4 \times$  density of Y

**4** A student needs to find the density of a cubic block of wood.

Which two pieces of apparatus should she use?

- A balance and metre rule
- B balance and thermometer
- **C** measuring cylinder and metre rule
- D measuring cylinder and thermometer

5 A student is trying to find the density of water and of a large, regularly shaped concrete block.

Which apparatus is needed to find the density of **both** the water and the concrete block?

- A balance, clock, measuring cylinder
- B balance, clock, ruler
- C balance, measuring cylinder, ruler
- D clock, measuring cylinder, ruler

6 A student is trying to find the density of water and of a large, regularly shaped concrete block. Which apparatus is needed to find the density of **both** the water and the concrete block?

- A balance, clock, measuring cylinder
- B balance, clock, ruler
- C balance, measuring cylinder, ruler
- D clock, measuring cylinder, ruler

7 A student is told to measure the density of a liquid and also of a large cube of metal. Which pieces of equipment are sufficient to be able to take the measurements needed?

- A balance, measuring cylinder and ruler
- B balance and thermometer
- C measuring cylinder and ruler
- D measuring cylinder, ruler and thermometer

8 Two identical measuring cylinders containing different liquids are placed on a simple balance. They balance as shown.



How does the density of X compare with the density of Y?

- **A** density of X =  $\frac{1}{2}$  × density of Y
- **B** density of X = density of Y
- **C** density of  $X = 2 \times$  density of Y
- **D** density of  $X = 4 \times$  density of Y

**9** The diagrams show a rectangular box with inside measurements of  $5 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}$ .



The box has a mass of 40 g when empty. When filled with a liquid, it has a total mass of 220 g. What is the density of the liquid?

**A**  $\frac{220}{(5 \times 6 \times 4)}$  g/cm<sup>3</sup> **B**  $\frac{(220 - 40)}{(5 \times 6 \times 4)}$  g/cm<sup>3</sup> **D**  $\frac{(5 \times 6 \times 4)}{(220 - 40)}$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  $\frac{10}{\text{Which block is made from the least dense material?}}$ 



11 A liquid has a density of  $0.80 \,\text{g/cm}^3$ .

Which could be the volume and mass of this liquid?

	volume/cm <sup>3</sup>	mass/g
Α	2.0	16
в	8.0	10
С	10	8.0
D	16	2.0

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12 Four rectangular blocks, P, Q, R and S are shown. Each block is labelled with its size and its mass.



**13** The diagram shows the dimensions of a rectangular block of metal of mass *m*.



Which expression is used to calculate the density of the metal?

**A**  $m \times p \times q$ 

**B** 
$$m \times p \times q \times r$$

**C** 
$$\frac{m}{(p \times q)}$$

 $\mathbf{D} = \frac{m}{(p \times q \times r)}$ 

14 The diagram shows a rectangular metal block measuring  $10 \text{ cm} \times 5.0 \text{ cm} \times 2.0 \text{ cm}$ .



15 The diagram shows an experiment to find the density of a liquid.



16 Which items of apparatus are required to determine the density of a liquid?

- A balance and measuring cylinder
- B balance and thermometer
- **C** metre rule and measuring cylinder
- D metre rule and thermometer

**17** A measuring cylinder containing liquid is placed on a top-pan balance. The apparatus is left overnight and some of the liquid evaporates. The diagrams show the readings.



**18** A cube of side 2.0 cm is placed on a balance.

